

CHINESE RIOTS

Partially Caused by the Construction of Railways in the Domain

OF THE EASTERN EMPIRE.

All Roads Thus Far Constructed Belong to the Government—America, England and Germany Looking With Covetous Eyes on the Great Opportunities in China.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Telegrams and railways appear to be among the causes of the anti-foreign riots now in progress in China. The development of this feature of modern enterprise in China is described in considerable detail in a recent publication of the treasury bureau of statistics, entitled "Commercial China in 1892." It shows that the telegraph system of China included in 1892 about 3,000 miles of line in operation, and that the railroad system included 350 miles of road in active operation and over 3,000 miles projected. The telegraph system connected all of the capitals of the provinces with the national capital, Peking, and in turn connected with the Russian trans-Siberian telegraph line and the ocean cables; but it appears from the recent reports that those lines have in many cases been destroyed by the anti-foreign mobs and armies.

Connect Peking and Tien Tsin.

The railways thus far constructed belong to the Chinese government and were constructed under its control and direction and at its expense. They connect Peking, the capital, with Tien Tsin, which lies at the head of the gulf of Pechili and is the seaport of Peking, while other lines run northward from Tien Tsin to Shanhai-kwan and still others extend southward from Peking as far as Pootung, the capital of the province of Chihli, in which Peking is located. From that point southward a railway was being constructed in 1892 by Belgian capital, though it was suspected that Russian influence and perhaps Russian capital, was associated in this work. This line was expected to extend to Hankow, which may be described as the Chicago of China, being its best and largest and most prosperous inland commercial city, located five hundred miles up the Yangtze-Kiang from Shanghai, which lies at the mouth of that river. Hankow is a city of nearly 1,000,000 inhabitants and it was expected that the Belgian line would connect Peking, which lies well at the north, with Hankow, located near the center, and that an American line would extend still further south from Hankow to Canton and Hong Kong.

Surveyed by Americans.

The American line was surveyed by a corps of engineers under Mr. W. B. Parsons, of New York, in 1898 and 1899, under a concession granted by the Chinese government to Calvin Brier, Hugh J. Grant, Thurlow West Barnes and others, and this line, like all others for which concessions have been granted, was after a term of years to become the property of the Chinese government. It was expected that this American line running from Hong Kong and Canton northward to Hankow and connecting at that point with the Belgian line which would extend to Peking, would form an extremely important artery of internal commerce from China's most important southern city, Canton, and its most important central city, Hankow, and thence to its capital at the north, Peking, from which point it would connect with the Russian railway system which enters China in Manchuria at the extreme north.

Numerous Other Railways Surveyed.

Numerous other railways have been surveyed and some of them were under construction. The German government has been encouraging the construction of railways in the province of Shantung, in which its port of Kiau-Chau is located, while concessions to British companies authorize the construction of lines along a large share of the eastern coast and extending up the valley of the West river to the borders of Burma, where it was expected they would finally connect with the railway system of India.

The railways projected in China and for which concessions had been granted, contemplated a length of more than 2,000 miles and it was confidently expected that their construction would bring the Trans-Siberian system of Asiatic Russia into touch with the trans-Indian system of British India, which in turn would finally connect with the railway systems of southern Europe and thus give to the world an inter-continental belt line stretching northward from northern Europe through Russia and Siberia; thence southward through China; thence westward again through Burma; India, Persia and Turkey in Europe to a

connection with the railway systems of southern Europe.

What the effect of the hostilities in China with reference to works of this character will be cannot now be foretold. Russia controls a long stretch of territory along her north, and England the territory of British India and Burma at the southwest. Railway lines existing or projected extend from the territory of both of those countries into the very heart of China and intermingled with, and an important link among these is the great American enterprise already alluded to, upon which a company had, according to the statements of accepted authorities in railway matters, arranged for the expenditure of \$30,000,000 of American funds.

BEGINNING TO ARRIVE

Are the Prohibitionists to the National Convention—Western Man Wanted for the First Place.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Prohibitionists are beginning to arrive for the national convention to be held on Wednesday and Thursday at the First regiment armory, and the state convention to be held to-morrow at the same place.

The national meeting will be called to order at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning by Oliver W. Stewart, chairman of the national committee.

John G. Woolley and Hale Johnson, both of Illinois, are strong favorites for the presidential nomination. Hundreds of large campaign buttons, having upon them a picture of the former, are being distributed.

It is thought that in the early balloting for nominations the Illinois delegates will be divided between Woolley and Johnson, with the understanding that the sold vote will later be thrown to the support of the candidates showing the more strength. The disposition among Illinois delegates is to work for the nomination of some western man and they feel that either of the candidates from this state fill the requirements.

The Two Candidates.

Those who claim to be well acquainted with the situation say Mr. Woolley will get the support of the New England states, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin, Kansas and Tennessee, while Mr. Johnson will look for his strength from Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, North Carolina, Virginia and Arkansas.

Rev. Dr. S. C. Swallow, of Harrisburg, Pa., will come before the convention with a strong following and it is believed that he will lead on the first ballot with fairly good chances of success. Delegates from his own state and from New Jersey, Maryland, Kentucky, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska will support his candidacy. The selection of a vice presidential nominee will depend largely upon what section of the country the presidential choice comes from. Among the candidates are Judge Elliott, of California; Isaac K. Funk, of New York; T. R. Carskadon, of West Virginia; Henry B. Metcalf, of Rhode Island; Walter B. Hill, of Georgia, and F. T. McWhirter and Rev. F. L. Eaton, of Des Moines.

RIVAL LOVERS

Engage in a Pistol Duel, and in the Melee the Sweetheart is Fatally Shot.

BEDFORD, Pa., June 24.—Albert Roberts and Oscar Jeans have been rival suitors of Miss Jennie Russell, and while Roberts and Miss Russell were out driving they met Jeans, and a pistol duel between the two men followed. Miss Russell leaped from the buggy and rushed between them, but they continued shooting and the girl was fatally wounded. It is alleged from one of Roberts' shots. Roberts grabbed the girl in one arm as she fell and continued firing with the other. Miss Russell died in a few hours at her home, Roberts remaining at her bedside even after death. He is now almost insane. Jeans escaped, and warrants are out for his arrest. All the persons concerned are prominently connected.

Ten Thousand Pesos on McKinley.

If you bet, bet like a man. Don't devise a devious plan of finance. Take your chances like a sportsman. There is that kind of man in Guatemala, Central America. Early in June he inserted this advertisement in the Guatemala Herald:

A GENTLEMAN

Desires to wager Ten Thousand Pesos that William McKinley will be elected President of the UNITED STATES at the election to be held in November next.

No Wager for less than Five Hundred Pesos Accepted. The money has been placed in the hands of W. J. Ryder and will be deposited in any of the banks of this City, persons accepting this offer having the privilege of naming the depository.

Although this advertisement was printed long before the nominating convention was to be held, the Central American gentleman with the Ten Thousand Pesos didn't hedge with any "it nominated" or "is anything else." And he didn't put his advertisement tremblingly and coyly into a tiny corner among little personal notices. He had it set with the biggest type that was in Guatemala. It runs across the entire width of the newspaper, and is a third of the page deep. If there is any sporting blood in Guatemala, this man will be another living proof that advertising pays. It will pay him Ten Thousand Pesos next November.—New York Press.

A Woman's Trials

Increase from girlhood to the grave.

The question of health is always before her. Thirty years of her life is a battle with menstruation, and not one woman in a hundred escapes the ills which life in wait from month to month.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

has restored a million women to health.

Letters from grateful women are constantly being printed in this paper.

Mrs. Pinkham has fifty thousand such letters. Her counsel is safe counsel. It always helps women and it will help you.

Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. She will advise you free.

SHORT STORIES.

DESTROYED.—The carpet mills of Masland & Sons, of Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

FAILURE.—The failure of Dennis Perkins & Co., of 125 South street, was announced on the cotton exchange soon after noon yesterday. The failure is a small one and had little effect on the market.

WITHDRAWAL.—As soon as Secretary Root returns to this city early next week, final arrangements will be made for the withdrawal of as many troops as can be spared from further service in Cuba.

RESUMED.—The plant of the National Steel Company at Columbus, O., which was shut down a week ago, has resumed operations with a full force. The short suspension was said to be on account of strikes in the west.

POSTPONED.—The examination of Charles F. W. Neeley, which has been postponed a number of times, was set for to-day, before United States Commissioner Shields has been again postponed to next Friday, at 10:30 a. m.

SAILED.—An official dispatch received from Saigon, (the capital of French Cochinchina), says the French armored cruiser Vauban and the transport Caravans have sailed north with five hundred marines and a battery of artillery.

DISMISSED.—The grand jury in New York handed in a report to Judge McMahon in Part I, of general sessions Monday afternoon, in which they dismissed the cases of conspiracy against the officers of the American Ice Company.

DIED.—Martin J. Russell, of Chicago, president of the Chicago Chronicle Company, and editor of the Chicago Chronicle, died at Mackinac, Michigan, from Bright's disease. Mr. Russell had been a sufferer from this malady for over a year.

NAMED.—The secretary of the navy has authorized the following names for the new battleships and cruisers: Battleships, Virginia and Rhode Island. Armored cruisers, Maryland, Colorado and South Dakota. Protected cruisers, St. Louis, Milwaukee and Charleston.

HOPEFUL.—The Associated Press learns Lord Salisbury is still hopeful that the Chinese crisis will be solved without war against that country as a whole. In spite of the alarming reports he inclines to the belief that the government of China in some satisfactory form will shortly be able to reassert herself.

CABLEGRAM.—Richard C. Morse, general secretary of the international committee, of the Young Men's Christian Association, has received a cablegram from Robert E. Lewis, representative of the committee stationed at Shanghai, dated June 23, which reads: "War is not likely to affect Shanghai. Lyon on way to Japan. Brockman on way to Shanghai."

SAILED.—Among those who are to leave on the White Star line steamer Oceanic, sailing from Liverpool, June 27, for New York, are Sir William Martin Conway, who is to go on an exploring expedition to the Bolivian Andes; former United States Consul General P. A. Collins, Mrs. Mark Hanna, M. E. Ingalls, president of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company; Mr. and Mrs. Albert L.

Johnson, Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World, and Archbishop Riordan, of San Francisco.

INSTRUCT.—An effort will be made in the Democratic state convention of Arkansas, to-day, to instruct for D. D. Hill, of New York, for vice president.

LABOR.—It is likely that the labor college in America, to be endowed by British workingmen, will be established in New York, not in St. Louis, as originally planned. A meeting of the presidents and secretaries of all the trades unions in the city will be held July 8, when the British delegates, W. C. Bowerman and James Sexton, will outline their plans.

PROCEEDS.—The United States cruiser Albany, which arrived at Southampton, England, June 14, will sail June 26, the work on her having been accelerated. She will meet the United States steamer Solinda at Gibraltar and will transfer stores from her. It is said that the Albany's officers would not be surprised if the cruiser proceeded from Gibraltar for China.

SCIENCE.—The American Association for the advancement of science, which is composed of sixteen affiliated societies, opened its forty-ninth annual meeting yesterday, in Havemeyer hall, Columbia university. Two of the affiliated organizations—the American Chemical Society and the American Forestry Association are at the same time holding their annual sessions.

REASSEMBLED.—The World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union Congress reassembled yesterday at Edinburgh, under the presidency of Mrs. Bailey. The American delegates are greatly concerned at the serious illness of Mr. James Norton, (principal of the Lake View College, of Chicago), at Southampton. Lady Henry Somerset and the convention sent telegrams of inquiry and sympathy.

INCREASE.—Additional reports received from the scene of the wreck on the Macao branch of the Southern railway at MacDonough, Ga., show that the list of the dead probably will number forty-one. The number of the gang of section hands on the wrecked train, all of whom were killed, is not known. Several of the bodies have been removed from the wreckage, but they have not been identified.

CONSPIRACY.—The trial of the defendants in the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company conspiracy case began yesterday, before Justice Fursman, in the criminal branch of the supreme court. The indictments were found in February by a special grand jury named to inquire into the report of a conspiracy to spread rumors intended to affect the price of Brooklyn Rapid Transit.

ABANDONED.—H. F. Gill, of Philadelphia, who is in Phoenix, Arizona, from a prospecting trip in Mexico, says the Yaqui Indians have nearly all abandoned the war path. Several hundred are still hidden in the mountains and make an occasional descent on isolated ranches. Near Tomachio on Friday last, a large party raided a ranch and killed two cowboys, wounded several others and one woman. They were driven off after a hard fight.

MURDERED.—William H. Robinson, who recently was discharged from the Louisiana state insane asylum, yesterday murdered William Stessel, in his own home. A crowd pursued him, threatening lynching, when he killed one of them, a young man named Whitaker, and shot a policeman. After running a mile he found refuge in the parish prison, where Sheriff Klock and his men kept the crowd at bay with Winchester until Robinson was locked up.

VICE PRESIDENT.—The following table shows the opinions of thirty-five Democratic national and state committeemen, who have replied to the New York World's question, "who would make the strongest running mate for Bryan in the doubtful states?" David B. Hill, 9; New Yorker to be chosen, 5; Rear Admiral Schley, 5; B. F. Shively, 3; Charles A. Towne, 3; Carter H. Harrison, 2; Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, 1; Admiral George Dewey, 1; George F. Williams, 1; no choice yet, 5.

EXTRADITION.—Assistant United States District Attorney Baldwin, of New York, has said that the government would act very soon in the Neeley case. According to Mr. Baldwin, when the government does act, it will be in the shape of an application made by the district attorney to Judge Lacombe, of the United States circuit court, asking for Neeley's removal to Havana, under the special extradition act passed by Congress in the last days of the session. It is understood that Neeley's counsel will make no move in the matter until after the government takes some definite step for the prisoner's removal.

DENIED.—Governor Roosevelt, at his Long Island home, denied himself Monday to all visitors except those having previous appointments. He said he expected to have a talk during the day with Henry C. Payne, vice chairman of the Republican national committee. Mr. Payne's mission to Governor Roosevelt was understood to advise Governor Roosevelt of Chairman Hanna's plans for opening the campaign. Vice Chairman Payne reached the Roosevelt residence at noon and the conference began late yesterday afternoon. Governor Roosevelt announced that he had made up his mind not to publicly discuss any plans for the campaign until after July 12, when he is to be formally notified of his nomination for vice president.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

Too many men seem to think home is like heaven—a state, not a place. It is a lot easier, somehow, for a woman to remember once a year when her husband's birthday comes than it is to remember what kind of pie he likes best.

When a woman makes up her mind to go somewhere six months later she begins to overhaul her clothes the next day and spends part of every day after that packing.

If the average girl spent as much time learning how to bake a good loaf of bread as she does curling the wisp of hair that grows down in front of her ear the men would all fight each other to make love to her.—New York Press.

NO need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, or summer complaint. If you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.—

Two Doses

of TONGALINE are usually enough to subdue the severest paroxysms of pain in neuralgic or rheumatic or gouty disease. Then, when the pain is gone and the sufferer has rest and strength-renewing sleep, further treatment with TONGALINE cures the disease, radically and permanently, by causing the body to throw off the poisons which caused the disturbance.

No external application of lotion or liniment can secure a permanent cure. The cause of the disorder must be reached by internal treatment. This is exactly what TONGALINE does safely and effectively.

TONGALINE is sold by all druggists for \$1.00 a bottle. Full information concerning its cures and how to treat disease is contained in the book we will send free to sufferers.

MELLIER DRUG COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

The 20th Century school year, the 55th of the College, begins September 18, 1900. Collegiate Academic, Normal, Oratory, Business, Music and Art departments. Increased equipments and attendance. Advantages are numerous and significant. The location, favorable and healthful.

Total expense for tuition, board and room can be kept below \$5.50 a week. Fall term, Sept. 18-Dec. 19; Winter, Jan. 2-March 27; Spring, April 2-June 20. Summer School, June 25-August 9, 1901. Catalog free. ALLIANCE, OHIO.

Old Age Postponed. The sent of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the vessels at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicose, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Dyspepsia, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paralysis, Insanity, or Consumption. **Paino Tablets** cure these ills by renewing the starved cells, checking all drains and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) \$5.00. Send for Free Book. **HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.**

Sold by Chas. R. Goetze, Druggist, cor. Market and Twelfth streets. sp14

INSURANCE.

Real Estate

Title Insurance.

If you purchase or make a loan on real estate have the title insured by the

Wheeling Title & Trust Co.

No. 1305 Market Street.

H. M. RUSSELL, President
J. J. STEEL, Secretary
C. J. RAWLING, Vice President
W. H. TRACY, Asst. Secretary
W. R. E. GILCHRIST, Examiner of Title

EDUCATIONAL.

Mont de Chantal

Academy: NEAR WHEELING, W. VA.

IN THE CHARGE OF THE

SISTERS OF THE VISITATION, B. V. M.

FIFTY-FIRST YEAR, 1898-99.

OPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 13.

Climate desirable for delicate girls. Ten acres beautifully laid out. Golf, Tennis, Croquet and other athletic games. Excellent care; reasonable rates. Address

THE DIRECTRESS OF MONT DE CHANTAL ACADEMY

Near Wheeling, W. Va.

HAIR BALSAM.

"AINSLIE'S HAIR BALSAM"

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases and hair falling. 50c a bottle. (Send stamps.)

A. M. AINSLIE CO., GLENVIEW, N. Y.

STATIONERY, BOOKS, ETC.

SAPHO COMPLETE.

May Magazines coming in. Paper and Cloth Bound Books. Blank Books, Stationery.

Base Ball Goods, Foot Balls, Tennis rackets, &c.

C. H. QUIMBY, 1414 Market Street.

Work done promptly at reasonable prices.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Contagious Blood Poison is the most degrading and destructive of all diseases, as it vitiates and corrupts the entire system. The first sore or ulcer is followed by little red pimples on the body, mouth and throat become sore, the glands enlarge and inflame, copper colored spots appear, and hair and eyebrows fall out. These are some of the milder symptoms; they increase in severity, finally attacking the vital organs; the body is tortured with rheumatic pains and covered with offensive eating sores.

It is a peculiar poison, and so highly contagious that an innocent person handling the same articles used by one infected with this loathsome disease, may be inoculated with the virus. It can be transmitted from parent to child, appearing as the same disease or in a modified form—like Eczema or Scrofula.

Many an old sore or stubborn skin trouble appearing in middle life, is due and traceable to blood poison contracted in early life. You may have taken potash and mercury faithfully for two or three years and thought you were cured, but you were not, for these poisonous minerals never cure this disease; they drive it from the outside, but it is doing its work on the inside, and will show up again sooner or later. You may not recognize it as the same old trait, but it is. S. S. S. has cured thousands of cases of Contagious Blood Poison, and it will cure you. It is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the only antidote for this poison. S. S. S. cleanses the blood thoroughly of every particle of the poison—there is never any return of the disease.

CURE YOURSELF AT HOME.

Send for our Home Treatment book, which gives a history of the disease in all stages, and is the result of many years of close study of blood poison and actual experience in treating it. You can cure yourself perfectly and permanently at home, and your secret is your own. Should you need any information or medical advice at any time, write to our physicians. They have made a life study of blood diseases, and will give your letter prompt and careful attention. Consult them as often as you please; we make no charge whatever for this service. All correspondence is conducted in the strictest confidence.

Address, SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.



Mrs. W. Lee, Montgomery, Ala., writes: "Several years ago I was afflicted with blood poison by a diseased nurse, who infected my baby, and for six long years I suffered untold misery. My body was covered with sores and ulcers. Several physicians treated me, but all to no purpose. The mercury and potash they gave me seemed to add fuel to the awful flame which was devouring me. Friends advised me to try S. S. S. I began taking it at once, and in a few days the sores began to heal, and in a complete and perfect cure was the result."